

IMPORTS OF WHEAT INTO THE UNITED KINGDOM, CALENDAR YEARS 1925 TO 1930.
(Based on United Kingdom and United States records.)

Item.	1925.	1926.	1927.	1928.	1929.	1930.
	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
ACCORDING TO UNITED KINGDOM RECORDS.						
Total Imports of wheat into United Kingdom.....	180,794,465	179,677,923	206,146,854	193,344,613	208,632,476	196,047,802
Imports from—						
British Empire.....	99,689,412	88,789,937	97,178,013	98,644,273	75,199,314	79,299,671
Per cent of total.....	55.14	49.42	47.14	51.00	36.06	40.41
Foreign Countries.....	81,105,053	90,887,986	108,968,841	94,700,340	133,433,162	116,748,131
Per cent of total.....	44.86	50.58	52.86	49.00	63.94	59.59
Canada.....	55,397,439	66,583,127	60,071,863	76,543,585	50,756,257	48,968,555
Per cent of total.....	30.64	37.07	29.14	39.58	24.33	24.94
Imports into United Kingdom from United States..	49,483,627	58,208,128	66,438,802	44,169,976	41,563,107	39,349,463
Exports from United States to United Kingdom.....	17,099,640	37,897,268	42,579,616	14,222,047	21,772,396	23,113,000
Excess United Kingdom Imports over United States Exports (Canadian wheat)	32,383,987	20,310,859	23,909,186	29,947,929	19,790,711	16,236,463
Exports from United States to United Kingdom via Montreal (U.S. wheat)....	2,763,952	3,929,564	7,169,077	5,559,362	2,250,335	3,055,278
ADJUSTED FIGURES.						
Imports from—						
British Empire.....	129,309,447	105,171,232	113,918,122	123,032,840	92,739,690	92,430,856
Per cent of total.....	71.52	58.53	55.26	63.63	44.45	47.17
Foreign Countries.....	51,485,018	74,506,691	92,228,732	70,311,773	115,892,785	103,566,946
Per cent of total.....	28.48	41.47	44.74	36.37	55.55	52.83
Canada.....	85,007,474	82,964,422	76,811,972	100,932,152	68,296,633	62,089,741
Per cent of total.....	47.02	46.17	37.26	52.20	33.73	31.67

The second table is based upon Canadian records of exports. According to United States 'in transit' figures, about 50 p.c. of the Canadian wheat shown in Canadian trade statistics as exported to the United Kingdom *via* United States border ports is diverted while in transit through the United States to other destinations, chiefly the continent of Europe; while a considerable amount of this Canadian wheat is also rerouted, chiefly *via* Montreal, and about 63 p.c. of this rerouted wheat is diverted from the United Kingdom to other destinations, chiefly the continent of Europe. Allowances are made in the adjusted figures for these diversions. Thus, when based upon Canadian export records, the United Kingdom imports of wheat during the years 1926 to 1928 are estimated to have averaged 76 p.c. from the Empire and 62 p.c. from Canada, compared with percentages of 59 p.c. and 45 p.c. respectively, for the same years in the estimate of the first table based upon adjusted British import records. It is difficult to explain the discrepancy between the two sets of figures. It may be partly accounted for by the fact that cargoes which leave America with the stated destination of the United Kingdom are sometimes diverted in whole or in part from British ports to other European countries. On the other hand, vessels destined for continental European ports frequently discharge all or part of their cargo in British ports, in which case the wheat would probably be recorded as an import from the country from which the cargo was diverted. The actual amount of Canadian wheat imported into Britain would probably be somewhere between the figures given in these two tables.